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MAINLAND HEADWEAR HOLDINGS LIMITED

飛達帽業控股有限公司*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(Stock code: 1100)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF ANNUAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The board of directors (the "Board"/"Directors") of Mainland Headwear Holdings Limited (the "Company") is pleased to announce the financial results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group"/"Mainland Headwear") for the year ended 31 December 2015.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2015

	Note	2015 HK\$'000	2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Revenue	2	870,998	917,533
Cost of sales	_	(605,886)	(667,780)
Gross profit		265,112	249,753
Other income		12,184	9,010
Other losses – net	3	(1,240)	(578)
Selling and distribution costs Administration expenses	_	(85,947) (134,202)	(95,216) (127,720)
Profit from operations		55,907	35,249
Finance income Finance costs	4 4 _	1,413 (1,270)	1,959 (1,256)
Profit before income tax	5	56,050	35,952
Income tax expense	6 _	(4,674)	(5,532)
Profit for the year	_	51,376	30,420

^{*} For identification purpose only

	Note	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		52,554	33,042
Non-controlling interests		(1,178)	(2,622)
		51,376	30,420
Earnings per share attributable to			
owners of the Company	7		
Basic		13.2 HK cents	8.3 HK cents
		per share	per share
Diluted		13.0 HK cents	8.3 HK cents
		per share	per share

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2015

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Profit for the year	51,376	30,420
Other comprehensive income		
- Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation of financial		
statements of foreign operations	(2,798)	(5,914)
- Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Revaluation surplus upon transfer of land use rights and		
buildings to investment properties	_	10,723
Deferred tax arising from revaluation surplus upon		
transfer of land use rights and buildings to		
investment properties	_	(2,681)
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	48,578	32,548
Attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	49,996	35,167
Non-controlling interests	(1,418)	(2,619)
Total comprehensive income for the year	48,578	32,548

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 December 2015

	Note	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Investment properties Goodwill Other intangible assets Available-for-sale financial asset Deferred income tax assets Other non-current receivables	9	171,359 38,522 33,798 16,834 - 2,323 6,550	129,785 38,764 33,798 21,593 218 3,385 14,654
		269,386	242,197
Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Pledged bank deposits	9	166,830 163,625 1,314	201,453 176,705 2,563 1,750
Short-term bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents		3,175 174,510	123,862
		509,454	506,333
Total assets		778,840	748,530
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Other reserves Retained earnings		39,858 228,069 288,204 556,131	39,858 230,458 247,608 517,924
Non-controlling interests		(5,421)	(4,003)
Total equity	:	550,710	513,921
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities Other non-current payables Long service payment payable Deferred income tax liabilities	10	1,075 457 3,059	1,112 457 2,681
		4,591	4,250

	Note	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	132,779	168,712
Amounts due to related parties		1,003	943
Current income tax liabilities		22,161	27,814
Borrowings		67,596	32,890
		223,539	230,359
Total liabilities		228,130	234,609
Total equity and liabilities		778,840	748,530
Net current assets		285,915	275,974
Total assets less current liabilities		555,301	518,171

Notes

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and investment properties which are carried at fair values.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

(i) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The following amendments to standards are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015. The adoption of these amendments to standards does not have any significant impact to the results and financial position of the Group.

HKAS 19 (2011) (Amendment) Defined benefit plans: employee contributions

Annual improvements project Annual improvements 2010-2012 cycle
Annual improvements project Annual improvements 2011-2013 cycle

The adoption of the improvements made in the 2010-2012 Cycle has required additional disclosures in the segment note. Other than that, the remaining amendments are not material to the Group.

(ii) New Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622)

In addition, the requirements of Part 9 Accounts and Audit of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) come into operation during the financial year, as a result, there are changes to presentation and disclosures of certain information in the consolidated financial statements.

(iii) New and amended standards have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2015 and have not been early adopted

The following new and amended standards have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2015 and have not been early adopted by the Group:

HKAS 1 (Amendment) Disclosure initiative¹

HKAS 16 and 38 Clarification of acceptance methods of depreciation

(Amendments) and amortisation¹

HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 (Amendments) Agriculture: bearer plants¹

HKAS 27 (Amendment) Equity method in separate financial statements¹

HKFRS 9 Financial instruments²

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 28 Investment entities: applying the consolidation

(Amendments) exception¹

HKFRS 11 (Amendments) Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint

operations1

HKFRS 14 Regulatory deferred accounts¹

HKFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers²
Annual improvements project Annual improvements 2012 – 2014 cycle¹

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

There are no other HKFRS or HK(IFRIC) interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

2. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors have been identified as the chief operating decision maker. The executive directors have determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by them that are used to make strategic decisions.

Management considers the business from a business perspective whereby management assesses the performance of business operations by segment as follows:

- (i) Manufacturing Business: The Group manufactures headwear products for sale to its Trading Business and Retail Business as well as to external customers. The principal manufacturing facilities are located in Shenzhen, the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and Bangladesh. Customers are mainly located in the United States of America ("USA").
- (ii) Trading Business: The trading and distribution of headwear and other products of the Group is operating through Drew Pearson International (Europe) Ltd., ("DPI Europe") which focuses on the Europe market, and H3 Sportgear LLC ("H3") and San Diego Hat Company ("SDHC"), which focus on the United States ("US") market.

(iii) Retail Business: The Group operates headwear stores in Hong Kong, and the Sanrio stores in the PRC.

	Manufac	turing	Tradi	ing	Reta	nil	Tota	al
	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	539,834 76,471	571,276 78,420	218,617 194	214,143 477	112,547	132,114	870,998 76,665	917,533 78,897
Reportable segment revenue	616,305	649,696	218,811	214,620	112,547	132,114	947,663	996,430
Reportable segment profit/(loss) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments	65,927	39,784	322	185	(5,280)	2,389	60,969	42,358
– fair value loss							(751)	(136)
Gain on disposal of a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss							210	_
Gain on settlement of							210	
derivative financial instruments							- (76	42
Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses							6,765 (11,286)	5,593 (12,608)
r								
Profit from operations							55,907	35,249
Finance income							1,413	1,959
Finance costs Income tax expense							(1,270) (4,674)	(1,256) (5,532)
1								
Profit for the year							51,376	30,420
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment								
and amortisation of land use rights	18,136	19,765	1,021	982	3,462	4,587	22,619	25,334
Amortisation of other intangible assets	-	-	6,685	8,531	-	_	6,685	8,531
Reportable segment assets	317,910	369,153	185,859	136,276	55,227	72,360	558,996	577,789
Investment properties							38,522	38,764
Available-for-sale financial asset Deferred income tax assets							2,323	218 3,385
Financial assets at fair value through							2,020	5,505
profit or loss							1,314	2,563
Pledged bank deposits Short-term deposits							3,175	1,750
Cash and cash equivalents							174,510	123,862
Other corporate assets								199
Total assets							778,840	748,530
Reportable segment liabilities	91,479	109,463	14,542	21,231	26,359	36,384	132,380	167,078
Deferred income tax liabilities	, 1,11,7	107,100	- 1,0 12	-1,201	-0,000	20,201	3,059	2,681
Current income tax liabilities							22,161	27,814
Bank borrowings Other corporate liabilities							67,596 2,934	32,890 4,146
omer corporate naomnies								4,140
Total liabilities							228,130	234,609
Capital expenditure incurred during the year	9,143	41,256	55,252	686	2,403	3,380	66,798	45,322

(i) Revenue from external customers

The Group's revenue from external customers is divided into the following geographical areas based on the location at which the goods were delivered:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
USA	534,487	537,957
Europe	147,606	167,192
PRC	88,541	116,125
Hong Kong	36,768	29,888
Others	63,596	66,371
Total	870,998	917,533

During 2015, revenue derived from the Group's largest customer (who are affiliated companies of a shareholder) amounted to HK\$302,947,000 or 34.8% of the Group's revenue (2014: HK\$295,072,000 or 32.2%). This revenue was attributable to the Manufacturing Business.

(ii) Non-current assets

The geographical location of the non-current assets is based on the location of operations and physical location of the asset:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
USA	104,024	49,765
Bangladesh	71,692	72,291
PRC	64,893	76,348
Hong Kong	9,543	18,706
Europe	77	109
	250,229	217,219
Other intangible assets	16,834	21,593
Deferred income tax assets	2,323	3,385
	269,386	242,197

3. OTHER LOSSES – NET

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
and derivative financial instruments		
– fair value loss	(751)	(136)
Gain on disposal of a financial asset at fair value through		
profit or loss	210	_
Gain on settlement of derivative financial instruments	_	42
Net foreign exchange loss	(1,829)	(359)
Revaluation gains on investment properties	911	_
Gain on disposals of property, plant and equipment	220	(125)
Loss on disposals of subsidiaries (Note)	(1)	
	(1,240)	(578)

Note:

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Group disposed of its 100% equity interest in Manga Investments Limited and its subsidiary, United Crown International Macao Commercial Offshore Limited, for a consideration of HK\$150,000. A loss on disposal of HK\$1,000 was recognised in the consolidated income statement.

4. FINANCIAL INCOME – NET

5.

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest on bank loans, overdrafts and other borrowings	(982)	(670)
Interest on amounts due to a related company	(25)	(25)
Interest accretion on license fee payables	(263)	(561)
Interest costs	(1,270)	(1,256)
Interest income	1,413	1,959
Net finance income	143	703
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		
Profit before income tax is stated after charging:		
	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	22,619	25,303
Amortisation on land use rights	-	31
Amortisation of other intangible assets	6,685	8,531
Net provision for impairment of trade and other receivables	35	203
Net provision for slow-moving and obsolete inventories	7,965	350

6. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong profits tax		
– Current year	1,301	2,614
- Over-provision in prior years	(874)	(998)
	427	1,616
Overseas tax		
- Current year	5,775	6,695
 Over-provision in prior years 	(3,096)	(2,417)
	2,679	4,278
Deferred income tax	1,568	(362)
	4,674	5,532

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2014: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits for the year.

Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

7. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2015	2014
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	52,554	33,042
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	398,583,284	398,583,284
Basic earnings per share (HK cent)	13.2 per share	8.3 per share

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all outstanding share options. A calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average annual market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming exercise of the share options.

	2015	2014
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	52,554	33,042
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue Adjustment for share options	398,583,284 4,219,732	398,583,284
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share	402,803,016	398,827,701
Diluted earnings per share (HK cent)	13.0 per share	8.3 per share

8. DIVIDENDS

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2015 of 2 HK cents per share, amounting to a total dividend of HK\$7,972,000, is to be proposed at the upcoming annual general meeting. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable. The amount of proposed final dividend for 2015 was based on 398,583,284 (2014: 398,583,284) shares in issue as at 31 December 2015.

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
Interim dividend of 1 HK cent (2014: 1 HK cent) per share	3,986	3,986
Proposed final dividend of 2 HK cents (2014: 2 HK cents) per share	7,972	7,972
	11,958	11,958

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group	
	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade receivables	133,790	140,731
Bills receivables	1,597	1,711
Less: provision for impairment	(6,006)	(5,745)
Trade and bills receivables, net	129,381	136,697
Deposits, prepayment and other receivables	42,099	56,588
Less: provision for impairment	(1,305)	(1,926)
	170,175	191,359
Less: non-current portion of other receivables	(6,550)	(14,654)
Current portion	163,625	176,705

The carrying amounts of the trade and other receivables approximate their fair values.

(a) The majority of the Group's sales are with credit terms of 30-120 days. The ageing analysis of trade receivables at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	51,820	64,101
31 – 60 days	49,042	34,738
61 – 90 days	14,493	11,297
91 – 120 days	8,691	1,202
Over 120 days	9,744	29,393
	133,790	140,731

(b) The ageing analysis of trade receivables that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
1 – 30 days past due	9,983	15,602
31 – 60 days past due	5,205	3,575
61 – 90 days past due	3,301	9,921
Over 90 days past due	5,032	14,429
	23,521	43,527

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment provision is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered not impaired.

(c) The bills receivables represents bank acceptance notes and the maturity period is as follow:

Falling within 90 days	2015 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000
	1,597	1,711
	1,597	1,711

(d) Included in other receivables are notes receivable from two customers totalling HK\$11,339,000 (2014: HK\$16,834,000).

One note receivable of HK\$709,000 (2014: HK\$1,274,000) is interest bearing at 7% per annum and is repayable by monthly instalments up to July 2016. As at 31 December 2015, a provision was made against the note receivable to the extent of HK\$709,000 (2014: HK\$1,274,000).

Another note receivable of HK\$10,630,000 (2014: HK\$15,560,000) is interest bearing at 5% per annum and is repayable by quarterly instalments from January 2015 to October 2017. The note is secured by all the assets of the customer but the Group's interest in the collaterals is subordinated to the customer's major lender. The customer has also committed to place purchase orders with the Group with a minimum amount no less than US\$16 million each year for three years or the duration of the loan, whichever is shorter.

(e) As of 31 December 2015, trade and other receivables of HK\$7,311,000 (2014: HK\$7,671,000) were fully impaired and provided for. All these receivables were overdue over 90 days.

The movement in provision for impairment of trade and other receivables during the year is as follows:

	2015	2014
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 January	7,671	7,475
Impairment loss recognised, net	35	203
Uncollectible amounts written off	(363)	_
Exchange difference	(32)	(7)
At 31 December	7,311	7,671

The Group does not hold any collateral over the impaired receivables other than the balance as described in note (d) above.

10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group	Group	
	2015	2014	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Trade and bills payables	54,594	76,782	
Accrued charges and other payables	79,260	93,042	
	133,854	169,824	
Less: other non-current payables	(1,075)	(1,112)	
Current portion	132,779	168,712	
The ageing analysis of the Group's trade and bills payab	les at the balance sheet date is as fo	ollows:	
	2015	2014	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
0-30 days	24,378	40,229	
31 – 60 days	20,067	21,382	
61 – 90 days	2,775	7,420	
Over 90 days	7,374	7,751	
	54,594	76,782	

BUSINESS REVIEW

Overview

Guided by the Group's strategic planning in the set-up of its factory in Bangladesh in 2013, our investment and two years of efforts committed to our Bangladesh factory have started to bear fruit. The Group has subsequently transferred its labour-intensive processes to the factory and continuously expanding the production capacity, while its Shenzhen factory focuses on the product development, design and manufacturing of high-end products. During the year, market demand for the Group's headwear products continued to increase. However, the fast-expanding capacity of the Bangladesh factory still could not fully satisfy the increasing volume of orders, so the Group has proactively adjusted its production plan to ensure the timely delivery of products.

The Manufacturing Business remained as our main income source and the greater contribution made by the Bangladesh factory led to the Group's outstanding performance, while the trading and retail businesses enjoyed steady performances. However, the production capacity of the Shenzhen office slightly decreased due to reduced workforce, so the Group has not been able to produce the increasing order volume despite expansion of the Bangladesh factory, hence turnover slightly dropped by 5.1% to HK\$870,998,000 (2014: HK\$917,533,000). Nevertheless, the Group's gross profit notably increased by 6.1% to HK\$265,112,000 (2014: HK\$249,753,000), benefitting from the contribution of the Bangladesh factory and cost control measures. Gross profit margin also grew by 3.2 ppt from last year to 30.4%. Thanks to stronger production efficiency and the lower production costs of the Bangladesh factory, profit attributable to shareholders surged by 59.1% to HK\$52,554,000. It was indeed gratifying to see another fruitful year for the Group.

Regarding the Manufacturing Business, the Group has established a long-term business relationship with existing customers, which clearly demonstrates that our excellent quality has earned the trust of customers. During the year, the accelerated expansion of the Bangladesh factory's production capacity has enhanced the Group's operational efficiency and productivity. This in turn has contributed to its improved profitability as the facility has become an essential pillar to support our future sustainable development. The Shenzhen factory can create obvious synergies with the Bangladesh factory as it continues to focus on product development and design, manufacturing high value-added products and it can be consigned orders with a shorter delivery period involving more complicated processes.

The Trading Business has remained stable during the year. Riding on our product diversification strategy with a focus of tapping into more diversified markets, the business of this segment has continued expanding, and has continuously generated profit for the Group. During the year, the Group has actively developed the business of San Diego Hat Company ("SDHC") by further expanding the trading business' product mix with the introduction of new accessories in an effort to enlarge market share. The new products have managed to generate more income for the Group and improve the profitability of this segment.

As the global retail market was weak and slowed down during the year, the Group adopted a pragmatic business development strategy and continued to strengthen the business development of franchise stores, with the aim to minimise the impact of external adverse factors.

Financial Review

While market demand for our headwear products continued to rise strongly during the year, the expanded production capacity of the Group's Bangladesh factory could not fulfill the increasing orders entirely because of the slightly lower production capacity of the Shenzhen factory resulting from reduced workforce, thus our turnover slightly dropped by 5.1% to HK\$870,998,000 (2014: HK\$917,533,000). Nonetheless overall gross profit rose notably by 6.1% to HK\$265,112,000, attributable to the Group's continued implementation of stringent cost reduction measures and the contribution from the Bangladesh factory.

In addition, after the Group improved the production efficiency of its Bangladesh factory in the year, and reduced production costs through effective cost management measures, profit attributable to shareholders of the Company soared to HK\$52,554,000 (2014: HK\$33,042,000), representing a significant increase of 59.1% over the previous year. Overall gross profit margin rose by 3.2 ppt to 30.4%.

Manufacturing Business

During the year, the Manufacturing Business remained as our main income source, accounting for 65.0% of the Group's total turnover. Despite the global economy remaining weak and the retail sector in many markets being adversely affected, we nonetheless continued to attract more orders with our quality headwear products. However, with the slightly lower production capacity of the Shenzhen office resulting from reduced workforce, the Bangladesh factory's

expanded capacity could not yet fully satisfy the strong demand from the rapidly-increasing order volume, so the turnover of the manufacturing business was slightly reduced by 5% to HK\$616,305,000 (2014: HK\$649,696,000).

During the year, the Bangladesh factory's rapid development is perhaps most evident in its headcount rising from 85 when it opened to around 3,100 now (2014: 2,500 staff). Its monthly production capacity increased to 1.8 million pieces of headwear. As the skill set of local staff advances and they acquired the capability to manufacture mid-range-to-high-end headwear products, accompanied by enhanced production efficiency, the factory has started to generate a profit for the Group last year. Gross profit of this operation has increased by 24% to HK\$139,223,000 (2014: HK\$111,982,000), and operating profit surged by 66% to HK\$65,927,000 (2014: HK\$39,784,000). Currently, the Bangladesh factory accounts for around 60% of the Group's total production capacity, making it an engine for profit growth. Hence, the Group is speeding up the development of this factory so it can satisfy the rapidly rising order volume and generate an even bigger revenue and profit contribution. As for the factory in Shenzhen, it still has 1,500 staff and remains as the Group's R&D center. It focuses on producing high-end headwear products and handling orders with a tighter delivery period. These two factories complement each other to maximize economies of scale and facilitate asset optimisation, thus helping the Group to stand out from other industry players.

Trading Business

During the year, our Trading Business developed steadily. Turnover of H3, DPI and SDHC all recorded an increase, leading to a 2% growth in turnover to HK\$218,811,000 in this segment (2014: HK\$214,620,000). As the Group continued to enrich its product mix and expand its customer base, profit attributable to shareholders of the Trading Business amounted to HK\$322,000 (2014:HK\$185,000). To improve profitability, the Group has strived to expand the SDHC business by enriching the product mix with accessories, boosting its competitiveness, expanding its customer base and enlarging its market share. Our strong confidence in its brand development and prospects can be proved by our acquisition of a property in San Diego, USA during the period to serve as the headquarters of SDHC. We have also optimised trading strategies and accelerated product development to complement its business growth. The Group expects this segment will soon enter a stage where it can reap a return on its efforts.

Based on the above operating strategies and the synergies generated among our businesses the Group believes that the Trading Business will achieve stable growth in the long term and make a greater revenue contribution.

Retail Business

During the year, the slowdown in China's economic growth has hit the nationwide retail market hard. Although we have made flexible adjustment to retail business' sales strategies, enhanced the business development of franchise stores and strategically decreased the proportion of self-owned stores to lower operating costs, the conservative consumption sentiment in Mainland China has inevitably affected business in this segment. Turnover declined by 14.8% to HK\$112,547,000 (2014: HK\$132,114,000) and the operating loss was HK\$5,280,000 (2014: Operating profit of HK\$2,389,000).

Sanrio

Turnover of the Sanrio business was adversely affected by the unstable retail market in Mainland China and amounted to HK\$88,267,000 (2014: HK\$97,439,000). Despite this, the Group has been actively promoting the business development of Sanrio franchise stores and adopted a prudent strategy on its self-owned stores, enabling it to record an operating profit of HK\$69,000 (2014: Operating profit: HK\$3,538,000) during the year. Achieving profit despite the challenging market conditions has demonstrated the success of the Group's strategic plans. The Group plans to promote the innovative customer experiential retail stores in the coming year and offer a new shopping experience to customers as well as generating new income sources.

As at 31 December 2015, the Group operated a total of 33 self-owned stores and 115 franchise stores (2014: 31 self-owned stores and 117 franchise stores). It will continue to focus on the development of the franchise stores in the future.

Headwear Sales

Hong Kong's retail market has been weakened since last year, and our headwear sales were inevitably affected with an operating loss of HK\$5,349,000 (2014: Operating loss of HK\$1,149,000). To further improve headwear sales, the Group is focusing on developing the franchise stores business in the coming year and continuing to expand into second— and third-tier cities in Mainland China, with an aim to improve business performance.

Currently, the Group's headwear sales includes "NOP" and "New Era" self-owned stores in Hong Kong, as well as "NOP" franchise stores in the PRC. As of 31 December 2015, the Group operated a total of 9 "NOP" self-owned stores and 19 franchise stores, and 1 "New Era" retail store (2014: 8 "NOP" self-owned stores and 20 franchise stores, and 1 "New Era" retail store).

Prospects

Under the "One Belt One Road" initiative, Bangladesh has implemented a series of infrastructure construction projects in recent years including the building of highways, railways and deep water docks. The completion of a series of infrastructure projects is set to accelerate economic growth in Bangladesh and as one of the first batch of beneficiaries under the "One Belt One Road" initiative, the Group will also continue to benefit from these policies.

In 2016, the Group will increasingly focus on its Bangladesh factory for production and will continue to expand the production capacity of the factory. It aims to enhance the scale of the sample room from more than 10 staff to 80 staff. The Group also plans to improve product quality and produce mid-range to high end products, as well as boosting production efficiency by 15% to 20% and increasing production capacity to 2 million units each month. These efforts are intended to address the problem of excess demand. Besides, the Group will recruit more local staff and optimise their production skills and efficiency through training. The Shenzhen factory has accumulated extensive experience in product development and production over the years. Thus, the facility there can continue to handle orders with a shorter delivery schedule and more complicated designs, as well as conducting R&D and design work.

As for the Trading Business, the Group is striving to enhance its product mix to meet the demand from different customers and address the fast-changing market trends. Looking ahead, the Group will actively expand the SDHC business. The new headquarter established during the year will help promote the exploration of new markets and lead the way to broaden the Group's marketing network and further increase market penetration as well as supporting overall long-term business growth.

Amidst the major challenge arising from the continuously sluggish retail market, the Group will continue to strengthen its franchise strategy, pursue innovation by opening retail stores as it implements a new business model, and expand to second— and third-tier cities in the PRC. Regarding the Sanrio business, the Group plans to more actively introduce franchise stores offering an innovative customer experience such as café, juice bar, ice cream bar, etc., to broaden its customer base and boost its business performance.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2015, the Group had cash and bank balances, short-term deposits and a portfolio of liquid investments totaling Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") HK\$179.0 million (2014: HK\$126.4 million). About 55% and 19% of these liquid funds were denominated in United States dollars and Renminbi respectively and the remaining were mainly in Hong Kong dollars and Pound Sterling.

As at 31 December 2015, the Group had banking facilities of HK\$340.8 million (2014: HK\$243.1 million), of which HK\$265.0 million (2014: HK\$205.2 million) was not utilised.

The gearing ratio (being the Group's borrowings over equity) of the Group was 12.3% (2014: 6.4%). In view of the strong financial and liquidity position, the Group have sufficient financial resources to meet its commitments and working capital requirements.

Capital Expenditure

During the year, the Group spent HK\$53.4 million to acquire an industrial building in the United States (the "US") as the office and warehouse for the trading business in the US. The Group spent approximately HK\$9.1 million (2014: HK\$41.2 million) on additions to plant and equipment to upgrade its manufacturing capability and expansion in the Bangladesh factory. The Group also spent HK\$2.4 million (2014: HK\$3.4 million) on the retail systems and opening of new retail stores in 2015 and HK\$1.9 million (2014: HK\$0.7 million) on equipments and systems of trading business.

For the year 2015, the Group budgeted HK\$40.4 million for capital expenditure. Under Manufacturing business, HK\$20.0 million is for the expansion in the Bangladesh factory and equipment upgrade in the Shenzhen factory. The Group also authorised a capital commitment of HK\$18.4 million in respect of acquisition of an office in the United Kingdom and renovation of office and warehouse in the US. In addition, the Group authorised a capital commitment of HK\$2.0 million for the opening of new retail outlets.

The above capital expenditure is expected to be financed by internal resources of the Group and banking facilities.

Exchange Risk

Most assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated either in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars, Renminbi or Bangladesh Taka. The Group estimates that any 1% appreciation of the Renminbi is expected to reduce the gross margin of the Manufacturing Business by about 0.4%. However, as the Retail businesses in the PRC market grow, the expected positive contribution will provide a hedge against the adverse effect of any appreciation of Renminbi to the manufacturing costs. The Group estimated that any 1% appreciation of the Bangladesh Taka is not expected to have material impact on the gross margin.

Employees and Remuneration Policies

At 31 December 2015, the Group employed 108 (2014: 108) employees in Hong Kong and Macau, 1,686 (2014: 1,829) employees in the PRC and 3,117 (2014: 2,452) employees in Bangladesh and a total of 44 (2014: 45) employees in the US and the United Kingdom. The expenditures for employees during the year were approximately HK\$239.2 million (2014: HK\$230.0 million). The Group ensures that the pay levels of its employees are competitive and employees were remunerated based on their position and performance. Key employees of the Group, including Directors, are also granted share options under the share option schemes operated by the Company.

DIVIDENDS AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of 2 HK cents (2014: 2 HK cent) per share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2015. Subject to the approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the final dividend will be payable on or after 10 June 2016 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members at the close of the business on 19 May 2016.

The register of members of the Company will be closed from 17 May 2016 to 19 May 2016 (both dates inclusive). In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all transfers, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Tricor Tengis Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on 16 May 2016.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

It is proposed that the Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on 10 May 2016. The Notice of the Annual General Meeting will be published in the Company's website and sent to the shareholders of the Company in due course.

To determine the identity of members who are entitled to attend and vote at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting which will be held on 10 May 2016, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 6 May 2016 to 10 May 2016 (both dates inclusive). In order to qualify to attend the Annual General Meeting, all transfers, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Tricor Tengis Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on 5 May 2016.

PURCHASE, SALES OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Company has not redeemed any of its shares. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with the Code Provisions in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules during the year ended 31 December 2015.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. All Directors have confirmed, following enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2015.

REVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015, including the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group.

SCOPE OF WORK OF PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS

The figures in respect of the Group's consolidated balance sheet, consolidated income statement and the related notes for the year ended 31 December 2015 set out in the preliminary announcement have been agreed by the Group's auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC"), to the amounts set out in the Group's draft consolidated financial statements for the year. The work performed by PwC in this respect did not constitute an assurance engagement in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing, Hong Kong Standards on Review Engagements or Hong Kong Standards on Assurance Engagements issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and consequently no assurance has been expressed by PwC on the preliminary announcement.

By Order of the Board

Ngan Hei Keung

Chairman

Hong Kong, 23 March 2016

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises nine directors, of which five are Executive Directors, namely Mr. Ngan Hei Keung, Madam Ngan Po Ling, Pauline, BBS, JP, Mr. James S. Patterson, Ms. Maggie Gu and Mr. Ngan Siu Hon, Alexander; one Non-executive Director, Mr. Andrew Ngan; and three are Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Leung Shu Yin, William, Mr. Liu Tieh Ching, Brandon, JP and Mr. Gordon Ng.